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# SECTION 131 FORM

Appeal NO:_ABP314485	Defer Re O/H	
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Section 131 to be invoked - allow 2/4 weeks for	reply.	
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CORRESPONDENCE FORM	

peal No: ABP 314485	
ease treat correspondence received on	12 / 24 as follows:
Acknowledge with BP 2	RETURN TO SENDER WILL S.
Amendments/Comments  Resp leco	
4. Attach to file  (a) R/S	RETURN TO EO
EO: 21 12 24	Plans Date Stamped  Date Stamped Filled in  AA: F. Khatyau  Date: 31/12/29

# Lisa Quinn

From:

B BEYER <br/>bbeyer2021@gmail.com>

Sent:

Friday, December 20, 2024 1:49 AM

To:

Appeals2

Subject:

David Smyth Observation for 314485

Attachments:

David Smyth Observation for Relevant Action Ref 314485.docx

**Caution:** This is an **External Email** and may have malicious content. Please take care when clicking links or opening attachments. When in doubt, contact the ICT Helpdesk.

Hi James,

Please find observation for David Smyth.

Fee already paid

Ref: 314485 Relevant Action

Thank you,

Bernadette 085-8640064

# 19 AN Bord Pleanaka.

Conclusion on Peamission

SHould Be Denied until unauthorised Flight

Path cease a reasserments are Completed

Ne cost use any of our our Door Space

it is unsetten , as we Both lave Poor

Health.

Refuse Rennuission

Granting Penemission under these circumstace under minus Planning Integrity & Public Trust

One grand children will not call to our Home Because of noise in side House 2 out side

Word Byth

To:An BordPleanala

Re: Appealof Rel evant ActionDr aft Decision

CaseNumber: 31 448 5

ContactDetai Is: Name	
	David Smy A
Address	
	Ward Farm
Contact Numbe r	6862519464
Em all Address	
Date	
	11/12/24

#### Introduction

The In spector's Report has right lyconcluded that the adverse inpact of the Relevant. Action on the surrounding communities would be too severe to justify granting permission. The proposal's projected increase in night-time activity; would result in significant additional awake nings, which are well-documented to cause, substantial health, and well-being consequences, including increased risks of cardio vascular disease, mental health disorders, and sleep-related cognitive impairments. The seim pacts underscore the urgent need for stringent con trols to protectaffect edcomm unities.

Given thesefin dings it is essential that a nycurrent or future expansion of airportal ctivity during night-time ehours be strictly limited by a movement cap of 13,000 annual night-time flights; as proposed. However, the severity of the projected health and environmental impacts suggests that a complete ban on night-time flights may ultimately be necessary to ensure the well-being of a ffected communities. Night-time operations present unacceptable risks to health and quality of life, and the evidence strongly supports minimising or eliminating such activity to meetpublic health and sustainablity goals.

Without such me asures, the application shouldhave been refused outright by the planning authorties, a sthe adverse impacts clearly outweigh any potential benefits. Therefore, the application must now be rejected to project the integrity of the planning process, uphold public heath standards, and ensure that the need softhe local community are prioritised over operational convenience.

The following expanded summary highlights the inadequacies of the DAA application, the breaches of planning conditions, and the need for a comprehensive approach to managing night-time flights, which includes the retention of the movement cap as an immediate measure and consideration of a full ban on night-time operations to safeguard public health and community welfare.

# 1.0 Inadequacy of DAA Application and Necessity of Movement Limit

#### · Failure to Address Noise Impacts:

- The Dublin Airport Authority (DAA) application fails to assess or mitigate the adverse effects of nighttime noise adequately.
- Average metrics like % Highly Sleep Disturbed (HSD) and L<sub>night</sub> fail to capture acute impacts such as awakenings, which have immediate and longterm health consequences.

### Health Implications of Nighttime Noise:

- Chronic sleep disruption contributes to cardiovascular disease, mental health disorders, and reduced cognitive performance.
- The WHO highlights that even one additional awakening per night represents a significant adverse health impact, ignored in the DAA's proposals.

#### · Projected Impacts:

- The inspector has defined that more than 1 additional awakening per night as a result of aircraft noise is a significant adverse impact.
- The inspector has concluded "in conjunction with the board's independent acoustic expert that the information contained in the RD and the RA does not adequately demonstrate consideration of all measures necessary to ensure the increase in flights during the nighttime hours would prevent a significant negative impact on the existing population."

#### Insulation Limitations:

- Insulation measures cannot fully mitigate nighttime noise due to factors like open windows, low-frequency noise, and peak noise events.
- The WHO average insulation value of 21 dB assumes windows are open 20% of the year, making insulation less effective.
- The introduction of a new insulation criteria of 80dB L<sub>ASMax</sub> is welcomed, however, without a detailed set of maps indicating who qualifies for this the decision is incomplete.
- o Furthermore, the grant value of €20,000 is considered inadequate to fully insulate those homes that qualify. Comparisons to other EU countries are incomplete and do acknowledge the fact that construction costs in Ireland and particularly Dublin are close to the highest in the EU.
- It is fundamentally wrong that anybody who is so significantly affected by the negative impacts of noise from the proposed development should have to carry the cost of any mitigation works needed.
- The scheme should be redesigned to cover the full cost of insulation.

#### Necessity of the Movement Limit:

- The movement cap of 13,000 nighttime flights is critical to reducing noise impacts and protecting public health.
- Without this cap, noise exposure levels will rise significantly, endangering the well-being of nearby residents.

# Con clusion on Perm isson

The perm isson st'iaild' bed eniedd ue tot he DAA's insufficientmoise m itigationmea suresand fa lu re to address coe: publichealth: risks.

# 2.0 Unauthorised Flight Paths and Breach of Planning Conditions

# Deviation from Approved Flight Paths

- The DAAhas implemented flight pathsthat deviate significantly, from those approvedin the En vironmental impact Statement (ETS).
- These unauthorized deviations exposepre viously u naffected reas to significant noiseimpa cts, creating um ssessed risks.

# Falure toSeek Updated Permission s:

- The deviations breachCond ition 1 of the pla nningperm ission, which requires adherene to the originally assessed flight paths.
- No updated Environmental I mpact Assessment. EIA )or plan ning application has beensubmitted for these clan ges.

# Community Impacts:

- Affected com munties: haveexp eriencedu nreasonablemoise levels without. proper consultati onor miti gation me asures.
- Local schoolshave been impacted.
- Theimpact has beendevastating forcommunities with families now feeling liketh ey have nooption but to sell their homes.
- Trustin: the DAA hastieen, severely erodeddu e toa- lack of transparency and accountabillity

# Legal and Pro-cedural Concerns:

- o Theunauthorised flightpathsundermine the planning system's integrity, setting a dan gerouspræcedent for future p rojects.
- Granting permiss onunder these conditions: violates planning laws; and obligations underthe EIA Directive.

# Conclusion on Permission:

e Perrmission should' beu-nequivocally denied until unauth orised flight paths creaseand. compirehensive reassessments: arecomp leted.

# 30 Rig ht d'Appeal in the Arcra fiNoise Act2019.

#### Legal Framework:

- o Section: 10 of the Aircraft NoiseAct permitsap peals of Regulatory Devisions (RDs) by relevant persons who participated in the consultation process.
- SMTW(St. Margaret 's The Ward Residents Group) qual ifies as arel'evant person under this framework.

# Inappr oprate Refusal of Appeal:

- SMTW's: appeal against noise-related R Dswa si nappropriately deniedby. An Bord Pleanála, depite clerar legislative: provisions: supportingit...
- Denial of appeal preverts crucal scrutiny of noise mitigation measures and exacerbates community disenfran chisenent.

# Im portance of Appeals:

Appeals arevital for maintain ingtra asparency, ensuring accountability, and halancing a rport operations with community welfare.

# Con clusion:

Denyingappeals umderminespublic trust and violates the Aircraft. Nose Act's intentro provide affectedpa rtiesa voi ce.

# 4.0 Noise Quota System in the Fingal Development Plan

# · Policy Objectives:

- Objective DAO16 supports a Noise Quota System (NQS) to reduce aircraft noise impacts, particularly during nighttime operations.
- The policy prioritizes community health, sustainability, and the use of quieter aircraft.

# • Challenges in Implementation:

- Without a cap on nighttime flights, cumulative noise impacts will persist despite efforts to incentivize quieter aircraft.
- Current plans increase noise exposure above 2019 levels, violating noise abatement objectives.

#### · Recommendations:

- Enforce a movement limit alongside the NQS to ensure it effectively reduces noise disturbances.
- Align the system with best practices observed at major European airports.

#### 5.0 Night Flight Restrictions in Europe and Implications for Dublin

#### European Comparisons:

- Major airports like Schiphol, Heathrow, and Frankfurt enforce strict caps or curfews on nighttime flights.
- Dublin's proposed 31,755 annual nighttime flights far exceed these airports' limits relative to passenger numbers.

#### · Health and Environmental Alignment:

- European airports prioritize reducing noise exposure to mitigate sleep disruption, cardiovascular risks, and stress.
- Adopting the 13,000-flight cap aligns Dublin with international best practices, ensuring proportional and sustainable operations.

#### · Conclusion:

- The proposed number of flights is disproportionate and poses unacceptable health and environmental risks.
- Without the movement limit the Noise Abatement Objective (NAO) set by ANCA for Dublin Airport cannot be fully achieved.

# 6.0 Inadequacy of Insulation in Mitigating Aircraft Noise-Induced Awakenings

#### . Technical Limitations of Insulation:

- Insulation does not address critical noise issues, such as low-frequency noise penetration and sharp peaks triggering awakenings.
- Dormer-style housing near the airport is particularly susceptible to noise, rendering insulation largely ineffective.

#### . Existing Schemes Are Insufficient:

- Residential Noise Insulation Scheme (RNIS) and Home Sound Insulation Program (HSIP) do not meet modern health protection standards.
- Insulation is unsuitable for nighttime impacts and cannot substitute for operational restrictions like movement caps.

#### Alternative Mitigation Measures:

 Voluntary purchase schemes for residents in high-noise zones should be expanded to address the most severe impacts effectively.

#### · Conclusion

 Insulation alone cannot mitigate nighttime noise impacts; operational restrictions must remain central to mitigation strategies. 7 .0Health and Environmental I mpacts

- Noise-Induced I lealth Risk
  - Chronic exposure to nighttime aircraft noise increases the risks of cardiovascular disease, hypertension, and mental health issues.
  - Children's cognitive developments adversely affected, impairing memory, learning, and overall performance.
- · Iconomic Costs
  - If ealth-related costs, including healthcare expenses and reduced productivity, are substantialand long-term.
  - For example, BrusselsA irport's health cost analysis suggests similar impacts
    a Dublin could reach €750m annually.
- Popu lation Exposed:
  - The DAA analysis has not used the correct population datasets in determining the impacts. This underestimates the impact on the communities: around the arport.
- Public Health Submissions
  - Evidence from health agencies emphasizes that noise-induced sleep disturbance isa significant environmentallicalificistic.
  - Ignoring these risks contravenes: principles of sustainable development and publichealth protection.

I.

#### 8.0 Other Environmental Impacts

#### Use of Outdated Surveys:

- The Appropriate Assessment (AA) relied on outdated ecological surveys that do not accurately reflect current environmental conditions
- Failure to update surveys undermines the validity of the assessment and risks overlooking critical impacts on local habitats and species.

# No AA on Full North Runway Development:

- The AA did not assess the full scope of the North Runway development, focusing only on limited aspects of the proposal.
- Significant components of the development were excluded, leaving major potential impacts unexamined.

# • No Cumulative or In-Combination Assessment:

- The AA failed to consider cumulative impacts arising from the interaction of the North Runway with other existing and planned projects in the vicinity.
- The absence of an in-combination assessment violates key legal requirements and risks underestimating the overall environmental impact of the development.

#### · Non-Compliance with Legal and Regulatory Standards:

- The failure to provide an accurate, comprehensive, and up-to-date AA breaches obligations under the EU Habitats Directive.
- The planning process has been compromised by this omission, exposing the development to potential legal challenges.

#### Potential Environmental Risks:

 The lack of thorough assessment could lead to significant unmitigated impacts on protected habitats and species, including cumulative degradation of local ecosystems.

### 9.0 Recommendations and Final Position

# · Cease Unauthorised Flight Paths:

- Immediately halt unauthorised deviations and revert to the flight paths approved under the original EIS.
  - Conduct a new EIA to assess the impacts of any proposed deviations.

# • Retain Movement Limit

- Maintain the cap of 13,000 nighttime flights to prevent further degradation of community health and well-being.
- Implement the Noise Quota System to incentivize quieter aircraft and ensure proportional operations.

#### · Refuse Permission:

- Granting permission under these circumstances undermines planning integrity and public trust.
- Upholding planning law and ensuring transparent, evidence-based assessments are essential for future airport operations.